

## THE LORDS SOBER ENGLAND

## DEBATE ON BUDGET STATELY AND STATESMANLIKE.

Bill Will Surely Be Thrown Out and Campaign Is Already Hot for Election in January—Shaw on Suffragette Starvation—London Oddities—Society.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Political oratory has been at its height in this country since the height of the Home Rule crisis. The speeches in the House of Lords have been both stately and statesmanlike. The gravity and far-reaching complexity of the situation have brought out the traditional forensic talent of British political leaders, which many had begun to think had perished with Lord Beaconsfield, John Bright, William Gladstone and Lord Salisbury.

The entire absence of passion in the debate in the Lords and the dominant note of seriousness have been in sharp contrast to the angry and abusive tone of many public speakers even in the Commons of late, and perhaps the best effect of the Lords' discussion of the budget this week has been to sober the country.

Popular feeling had run so high that at first the announcement by Lord Rosebery, Lord Cromer and Lord Balfour of Burleigh that their attitude would be neutral aroused resentment on both sides. All three of these peers denounced the budget in unmeasured terms, but they said that they thought it would be unwise tactics on the part of the Government to interpose at this particular moment. This attitude annoys chiefly because it is so futile. No doubt any longer remains that Lord Lansdowne's amendment refusing to approve the budget until it has been submitted to the people will pass on Tuesday of next week by an overwhelming majority.

A PROLONGED CAMPAIGN.

The national campaign is already in full swing, a condition which in itself is an unusual feature in this country, where Governments usually go to the country on only a fortnight's notice. But this time the campaign will last for five or even weeks, as the election will probably take place in the third week in January.

It is not yet known whether Parliament will be prorogued next week or merely adjourned until just previous to its dissolution. There is an important difference, because resolutions whereby taxes have been collected under the pending budget since April will expire if Parliament is prorogued, but will remain effective if it is only adjourned.

Members of the Cabinet have threatened to produce financial chaos to punish the Lords for their interference. The country knows that this is entirely unnecessary, and if the Government is foolish enough to resort to such tactics they will be the worst sufferers.

Goldwin Smith, writing from his seat of splendid isolation to *The Spectator*, makes this vital comment on the situation: "The great impression made on the mind of a political neutral by the turn which this party conflict over the budget has taken and which seems to be leading you to a political deadlock is that the party system of government—if a system of government in the true sense of the term it ever was—has had its day. You have five distinct combinations—Liberals, Radicals, Laborites, Socialists and Home Rulers—formally united on the Government side, but each of them playing its own game."

Under a rational system of government finance surely would be a distinct subject to be dealt with on its own grounds. In this case it forms the cover for an attack on a hated class and this appears clearly enough in the speeches of David Lloyd-George, the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Party system in England was started up by the struggle for the crown between the Hanoverians and the partisans of the Stuarts, with the result of a political chaos. It has now no rational foundation and is leading to confusion which is not unlikely to end in disaster.

"It is not to be supposed that you can at once spring into a new system, but surely it is time that statesmen, if any can release themselves from party trammels, should lay their heads together for calm consideration of the subject. Lord Rosebery's position seems to indicate the need and the true line of action; he could only get other statesmen with open minds to think and act with him."

SHAW AND THE SUFFRAGETTES.

George Bernard Shaw has taken up the cudgels for the suffragette martyrs to forcible fasting. Home Secretary Gladstone declared recently that the process is far from being torture. To this Mr. Shaw replies:

"I will undertake to procure the co-operation of the Fabian Society in providing for a Gladstone banquet which Sardanapalus would have regarded as an exceptional treat. The rarest wines and delicacies shall be provided absolutely regardless of expense. The only condition that we shall make is that Mr. Gladstone shall partake through his nose and tongue a cinematograph machine shall be at work all the time registering for the public satisfaction the waterings of his mouth, the smacking of his lips and the other unmistakable symptoms of luxurious delight with which he will finally convince us all of the truth of his repeated assurances to us that the forcibly fed suffragette is enjoying an indulgence rather than suffering martyrdom."

The Mont Leagues for Women's Suffrage, who hope to introduce a deputation to plead the cause of women to the Prime Minister, have received an intimation from Mr. Asquith that owing to the heavy pressure of business he will be compelled to decline to receive any further deputations during this session. Meanwhile the militant suffragettes are pursuing their usual tactics and are holding all sorts of meetings to raise money for general election expenses.

At the Women's Freedom League a Yuletide festival suffragette play by Mrs. Alice Chapin is to be produced while she is languishing in Holloway jail. She is the lady who has just been sentenced to four months for interfering with the ballot at the Bermondsey by-election and injuring one of the election officers by throwing a bottle of corrosive acid.

DRESS AT MONTE CARLO.

The conductors of the Casino at Monte Carlo have arrived at a decision to check the growing tendency among visitors to dress in conventional evening dress. They will use as a pretext that all visiting the rooms after dinner shall wear evening dress. Slackness in this direction has been the rule rather than the exception during the last few seasons, and the crowds surrounding the tables have developed a general frazzled appearance.

Continental visitors have been the most frequent offenders and it is against them

that the new regulation is chiefly directed. American and English visitors almost invariably wear evening dress. The officials hope by enforcing a better standard of dress to restore something of the brilliancy of the nightly assemblies of former years.

PERIN'S MORENO ROSE.

The hopes of archaeologists, which were quite seriously aroused by the stories of Laurence Perin's reported discoveries at Ronda, Spain, have now been entirely abandoned. After enlisting King Alfonso's personal interest and the assistance of the Spanish Government, Mr. Perin left Madrid mysteriously and returned to Ronda. He scattered points lavishly among his workmen and indulged in other eccentricities, some of which greatly alarmed the residents, and he was requested to leave the hotel where he was staying. It is stated that the Government has now asked the American Consul at Malaga to take charge of him.

Architect Velasquez, who has visited Perin's estate, says, according to a despatch from Madrid, that he found very interesting remains of Moorish art, but no trace of treasure.

£2,500,000 WON IN STAKES.

During the English flat racing season which ended at Manchester to-day more than £2,500,000 has been won in stakes. Mr. Fairlie, owner of Bayardo, heads the list of winning owners with \$185,000, and Bayardo has shown that he is the best horse of the year. King Edward is second on the list with \$100,720, seven of his horses having won thirteen races. The King's horses have been unfortunate in recent years and the stable has had nothing approaching the present year's successes since 1900, when Diamond Jubilee and other horses piled up nearly \$100,000 for the King.

The champion jockey of the year is the sixteen-year-old boy Wootton. Maher is second. Maher and Martin are going together to St. Moritz shortly to enjoy the tobogganing and skating. Maher will return here for some fox hunting, after which he will make a short visit to the United States.

POLO VISITORS TO UNITED STATES.

Although it is the present intention of the polo players who will visit the United States to play only friendly matches, there is a likelihood of their being invited to play in a challenge for the international cup, in much the same manner in which the Meadow Brook team during their recent visit challenged the Hurlingham players at the last moment.

The fourth member of Wilson's team will be Capt. Lannowe. All the players are army officers and they put up a first class game. It is as strong a team as could be formed in England. No doubt their trip is prompted by a desire to improve their polo in the hands of the international players.

The attitude of the Hurlingham Club in regard to these matches caused dissatisfaction among military poloists, who object to the Hurlingham management being left practically in the hands of horse dealers. The Miller brothers, the biggest dealers in polo ponies in England, have control of the Hurlingham and Rugby clubs, besides the Hurlingham Club, the manager of which is Capt. Miller.

About sixteen of the ponies played by the Meadow Brook team were actually bought from or through the Millers, giving the Americans the better mounts. Capt. Miller was then urged to place his ponies, which are the best in England, at the disposal of the Englishmen, but he absolutely refused unless his brother Charles, who is manager and proprietor of the Hurlingham Club, received a place on the team.

Charles was consequently chosen, but was injured in the trial game and incapacitated. Capt. Wilson played in the first match against the Meadow Brook team and was then dropped for Harry Rich, who is a horse dealer. The general discontent among polo players against the Millers will probably result in the Hurlingham Club playing second fiddle in the future to the Hurlingham Club.

Capt. Wilson is very wealthy. He possesses over twenty first class ponies, which will be shipped for New York next May with the pick of the ponies belonging to the other members of the team.

RESURRECTION OF THE FARTHING.

The farthing, which for a long time has been relegated to the use of petty tradesmen, is once more to be restored to favor. It will be much used for tramway fares after January 1. The minimum fare for a ride after that date will be the equivalent of an American penny and the scale of fares will rise in farthings according to the distance travelled. Conductors who have heretofore declined to receive farthings in fares will now be obliged to accept them and give them in change.

SOCIAL LIFE.

The news that the Princess Patricia of Connaught is to go with her father and brother on a big game shooting expedition at the end of this year is arousing much interest. Some of her American friends, such as Mrs. John Ward, formerly Miss Jean Reid, and Lady Alastair Innes-Ker, formerly Miss Anne Broese, are planning festivities in her honor.

The Duchess of Marlborough, formerly Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, postponed her departure from London in order to open a fair in aid of a girls' home and also to conduct a sale of work at her own house, both of which events took place last Thursday. The sale at Sunderland House proved a great success. The Duchess was assisted by Lady Chylesmore, the Countess of Essex (formerly Miss Adele Grant of New York), Mrs. Ronalds and Mrs. J. Leslie.

Misses Kate and Helen Brice are guests at the Ritz. Later they will make a short visit to Mrs. Ward.

Miss Jenny Crocker sailed for America to-day with the Ridgely Carters. The weather is clear and cold and excellent for hunting, which is now in full swing.

Mrs. Frank Mackay is proving the most energetic hostess at her house, The Limes, which she has taken for the Melton hunting season.

News that the Melton and Pynchey hunt balls were to be abandoned on account of the political situation is causing great dismay among the debutantes.

Mrs. Colne Leslie is at Glasslough for this week end with a house party which includes Mrs. George Cornwallis West, formerly Lady Randolph Churchill and originally Miss Jennie Jerome of New York.

Irish Nationalist M. P. Dead.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Kendall Edmund O'Brien, Nationalist Member of Parliament for Mid-Tipperary since 1900, is dead. He was born in 1840, was a farmer by occupation and had been chairman of the Tipperary Rural District Council and a member of the Tipperary South Riding County Council.

## 13 DREADNOUGHTS FOR FRANCE

Elaborate Naval Plan to Be Submitted to Parliament in January

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The new naval programme to be submitted to the Chamber of Deputies in January proposes two Dreadnoughts to be laid down at Brest and L'Orient during 1910, two more in 1911 and two in 1912. The disposition of the turrets of these vessels will differ from either the American or British navies.

Each turret will contain two 305 millimeter guns. Four turrets will be placed along the longitudinal axis of the ship, two forward and two aft, the two nearest the centre of the ship being elevated so that the guns in them can be fired over the other turrets.

Fifth and sixth turrets will be placed amidships, one on each side. They will be of the same diameter and on the same level, thus limiting the fire of their guns to their own sides.

The secondary battery will consist of eighteen pieces of 138 millimeters. The vessels will have a speed of twenty knots. Special efforts are to be made to avoid delay in construction. It is not hoped to equal England's rate of twenty-four months for building a 20,000 ton ship or Germany's thirty months; but everything possible will be done not to exceed thirty-six months.

If this building rate is observed France counts on having by 1915 nineteen armoured cruisers, of which twelve will be Dreadnoughts. The cost of the new vessels is now estimated at 74,000,000 francs, or \$14,800,000. This includes the cost of the artillery, as is always the case in estimating the cost of warships in France.

FRENCH ANTI-BET CRUSADE.

Racing World Enraged by Arrests of Well Known Track Frequenters.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The French laws forbidding any betting on racetracks except by the pari mutuel system are extremely strict. It is even illegal for one person to stake money on behalf of another at the betting booths.

The special brigade of police who attend the meetings to watch for infractions of the regulations arrested this week three well known frequenters of the meetings, one of whom is himself a horse owner but acts as betting agent for Gaston Dreyfus, the banker, one of France's leading racehorse owners.

The three men were kept in confinement for thirty-six hours while the police searched their houses for proofs of illicit betting. They were then released.

The action of the police, which was taken on blank warrants, has aroused the greatest indignation in the racing world.

Samboorne of "Punch" Ill.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Edward Linley Samboorne, who succeeded Sir John Tenniel as chief cartoonist for *Punch* in 1901, is dangerously ill.

The Weather.

Nov. 28.—Fair weather continued yesterday over all the country east of the Mississippi River save in the upper lake region, and the upper Mississippi Valley, where it was cloudy and showery. The unsettled conditions of cloudiness and rain extended over all the country from the Dakotas and Minnesota south to the Gulf of Mexico and from the Mississippi River west to the Rocky Mountains. The pressure was low over all that territory, with centres of depression over Colorado and northern Montana.

It was warmer in all the districts from the Ohio Valley and lake regions west to Wyoming and Colorado. In the New England States it was colder. Freezing temperatures were confined to the northwest and New England.

In this city the day was fair but with slight change of temperature; wind fresh northerly; average humidity, 62 per cent; barometer corrected to sea level at 3 A. M., 30.40; 3 P. M., 30.11.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

For eastern New York, fair and warmer to-day; partly cloudy to warm; moderate southerly winds. For New England, fair and slightly warmer to-day; fair and warm to-morrow; moderate east to south winds.

For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, fair and warmer to-day; partly cloudy to-morrow; light to moderate winds, becoming southerly.

For western New York, partly cloudy to-day and warmer in central and eastern portions; partly cloudy to-morrow and colder by night; moderate southerly winds, shifting to northerly to-morrow.

For western Pennsylvania, partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; colder by to-morrow night; moderate southerly winds, shifting to northerly to-morrow.

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

For eastern New York, fair and warmer to-day; partly cloudy to warm; moderate southerly winds. For New England, fair and slightly warmer to-day; fair and warm to-morrow; moderate east to south winds.

For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, fair and warmer to-day; partly cloudy to-morrow; light to moderate winds, becoming southerly.

For western New York, partly cloudy to-day and warmer in central and eastern portions; partly cloudy to-morrow and colder by night; moderate southerly winds, shifting to northerly to-morrow.

For western Pennsylvania, partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; colder by to-morrow night; moderate southerly winds, shifting to northerly to-morrow.

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

For eastern New York, fair and warmer to-day; partly cloudy to warm; moderate southerly winds. For New England, fair and slightly warmer to-day; fair and warm to-morrow; moderate east to south winds.

For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, fair and warmer to-day; partly cloudy to-morrow; light to moderate winds, becoming southerly.

For western New York, partly cloudy to-day and warmer in central and eastern portions; partly cloudy to-morrow and colder by night; moderate southerly winds, shifting to northerly to-morrow.

For western Pennsylvania, partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; colder by to-morrow night; moderate southerly winds, shifting to northerly to-morrow.

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

For eastern New York, fair and warmer to-day; partly cloudy to warm; moderate southerly winds. For New England, fair and slightly warmer to-day; fair and warm to-morrow; moderate east to south winds.

For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, fair and warmer to-day; partly cloudy to-morrow; light to moderate winds, becoming southerly.

For western New York, partly cloudy to-day and warmer in central and eastern portions; partly cloudy to-morrow and colder by night; moderate southerly winds, shifting to northerly to-morrow.

## THE WHIPPING OF CHURCHILL

SUFFRAGETTES WERE MAILED FIRST, MRS. BELMONT SAYS.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

While Campaigning Near His Garden Party They Were Set Upon by Liberal Stewards, the Story Runs—Previously He Had Promised to Help the Cause.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont sends this communication to THE SUN: "Within the last week a large number of papers in the United States have published editorials strongly condemning the English suffragette who struck Winston Churchill with a dog whip. Not one, so far as I know, gave the reason that impelled her to do it, and without this it is impossible for the public to form an intelligent opinion.

"When Mr. Churchill was a candidate for Parliament last year he was interviewed by the women as to what he would do to help their efforts for the suffrage, and he answered: 'I will try my best, because I do think sincerely that the women have always had a logical case, and they have now got behind them a great popular demand among women. It is no longer a movement of a few extravagant and excitable people, but a movement which is gradually spreading to all classes of women; and that being so it assumes the same character as franchise movements have previously assumed.'

"A short time ago Mr. Churchill was again interviewed by a deputation of women to know why he had not kept his promise and he answered in effect that he did not intend to do so because he disapproved of their militant methods. At the time this deputation from the Women's Freedom League went to him he was about to speak at a garden party. The other branch of the suffragettes, who had no connection with this deputation, began holding a meeting in the neighborhood and distributing literature, not interfering in any way with Mr. Churchill's Liberal meeting in a garden.

"Following is an authentic account of what happened: "As soon as they arrived, a number of young men wearing the rosettes of Liberal stewards assailed them like a pack of wolves," as the English papers describe it. They smashed the hood and foot-board of their automobile, ripped up one of the tires with a knife, and tried to overturn the car with the young women in it. They nearly dragged Miss Adela Pankhurst out of the automobile, tore the clothes of the other ladies, struck them and pelted them with soda, and finally threw them at the same time with coarse and revolting language. They resisted one girl's scarf around her neck, and pulling both ends tried to choke her.

"John S. MacGillivray wrote to the Dundee Courier that the behavior of these men was such as he would not have believed possible in any civilized country, if he had not been an eyewitness of it. The young women had literally to fight for their lives. It is impossible to say what might have happened but that some of the passersby came to the rescue of the girls.

"Not an arrest was made nor did the police offer the slightest protection to these young women. A week later one of the suffragettes expressed her indignation toward Mr. Churchill in what she considered the most suitable manner by striking him with a dog whip, saying, 'Take that from the women of England.'

"For doing this she was arrested for unlawfully disturbing the peace of the city, and sentenced to prison for a month. "No word of the brutal and unprovoked assault upon innocent and unoppressed women was telegraphed to the United States, and not one of the ruffians who made it was punished. This is only one of the scores of similar instances that have occurred in Great Britain. The people of the United States are almost totally ignorant of the situation there and are in no position to criticize or condemn."

AMERICANS AT PASSION PLAY.

From 30,000 to 40,000 Are Going to Oberammergau Next Summer.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—It is expected that the attendance of Americans at the Passion Play at Oberammergau next summer will be a record one, their number being estimated at from 30,000 to 40,000.

About 4,000 beds will be placed at the disposal of strangers. Each bed will be numbered to correspond with the numbers on the seats for the performances. The prices range from \$4.50 to \$6 a day for bed, board and performance.

Parties of Americans in Berlin are already forming to attend the play.

## \$1,250,000 FOR AN EMBASSY.

U. S. Can't Buy House—Houses—Papal Gendarmes Angry—Needless Future.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ROME, Nov. 27.—The negotiations between the United States and the Marchioness di Rudini for the purchase of a house for the American Embassy have failed, owing to the high price asked by the Marchioness, who, it is stated, demands \$1,250,000 for the property.

The Papal gendarmes threaten to strike in consequence of a sum of money recently given to the Pope for distribution among the members of the corps being divided by the officers, the men getting nothing. The latter formulated a protest, which concludes as follows: "We have asked and begged more than a thousand times for an increase in pay, but to no avail. Cardinal Merry del Val hates us to death. All his affection is bestowed on the Swiss halberdiers."

The Deputies representing the province of Messina assembled to-day and discussed urgent measures to hasten the permanent reconstruction of the city of Messina, which is imperative, since the huts there are not sufficient to shelter the survivors of the earthquake.

The huts are overcrowded and are rapidly becoming uninhabitable owing to the fact that the unseasoned wood used in their construction is splitting. The Deputies decided to urge the Government to push forward the work of reconstruction and to assist in a revival of the local trade.

PORTO RICO DELUGE.

Plantations and Roads Ruined—Telegraph and Cable Out of Business.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

SAN JUAN, P. R., Nov. 18 (by mail to Havana).—The heaviest rains since the hurricanes of ten years ago have been falling here and have caused great damage. The rivers have overflowed their banks and extensive areas of sugar, tobacco and pineapple lands have been inundated.

There have been heavy losses in the Yabucoa and Humacao sugar districts. Many cattle have been drowned and a number of houses have been swept away. Landslides along the military road to Ponce have caused interruption of traffic and of the transportation of the mails. Telegraphic communication is also interrupted owing to the wires being blown down.

The Comerio waterfalls power plant has been damaged. This affects the lighting and trolley services in San Juan and other cities. Vessels are unable to enter or leave the island ports.

There has been no cable communication since November 9. The railroad between San Juan and Ponce is suffering from washouts and the loss of two bridges. The weather is now moderating and business is being resumed.

FRENCH COURT REFORM.

Examination of Accused by Judge and Presumption of Guilt to Cease.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The commission appointed to study a modification of criminal procedure in France, with M. Barthou, the Minister of Justice, as the chairman, met this morning.

The question of procedure at the assize courts was first taken up. It was agreed unanimously that the examination of an accused person by the presiding judge in cases like that of Mrs. Steinheil should be suppressed.

A strong majority of the committee maintained that the present system in regard to the exposition of the act of accusation as drawn up by the Public Prosecutor should be upheld, but its character should be changed so as to become purely objective and completely impartial. At the present time this act of accusation assumes that the accused person is guilty.

SMALL HOPE FOR THE VARUNA.

Mr. Higgins Still at Funchal, but Crew Are Landed in England.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 27.—The crew of Eugene Higgins's yacht *Varuna*, which was wrecked near Ponta Moniz, Madeira, on November 17, were landed here this morning by the steamship *Armada* Castle.

The members of the crew say there is little hope of saving the *Varuna*. Mr. Higgins and the captain were at Funchal when the crew left.

## On His Pastor's Advice



MR. C. W. FOSTER.

vous prostration, malaria, chills, low-fevers, and all diseases of the throat, the bronchial tubes and lungs. It is a heart tonic, and in old age, when the vital forces are yielding to strength and vigor to the muscular and nervous centers. Many men and women testify to the great benefits derived from its use.

## Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

If you wish to keep young, strong and vigorous and have on your cheeks the glow of perfect health take Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey regularly, according to directions. It tones and strengthens the heart action and purifies the entire system. It is recognized as a family medicine everywhere. It is invaluable for overworked men, delicate women and sickly children. It is a promoter of health and longevity; makes the old feel young and keeps the young strong.

CAUTION.—When you ask your druggist, grocer or dealer for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, be sure you get the genuine. It's the only absolutely pure malt whiskey and is sold in medicinal bottles only; never in bulk. Price \$1.00. Look for the trade-mark, the "Old Blend" on the label, and make sure the seal over the cork is unbroken. Write Medical Department, The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y., for a free illustrated medical booklet and free advice.



Mr. Chas. W. Foster, a prominent and respected citizen of East Haven, Conn., on the advice of his pastor some ten years ago, took Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey as a tonic, with such good results that he has made it a stand-by ever since.

"I can highly recommend Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, as I have taken it for the past ten years, as a general tonic."

"It was first recommended to me by a minister, the Rev. Dr. Holten, who had used it in his own family for some time with good results."—Chas. W. Foster, Lighthouse Point, East Haven, Conn.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is indorsed by leading men in all professions, including clergymen, doctors, educators, nurses, lawyers, as well as business men and women in all walks of life. It is invaluable in the treatment of indigestion, nervousness, and all diseases of the throat, the bronchial tubes and lungs. It is a heart tonic, and in old age, when the vital forces are yielding to strength and vigor to the muscular and nervous centers. Many men and women testify to the great benefits derived from its use.

## Saks &amp; Company

Broadway at 34th Street

THE FOLLOWING OFFERINGS IN OUR DEPARTMENT OF

## Cloaks &amp; Suits for Women

HAVE BEEN ARRANGED SPECIAL FOR MONDAY & TUESDAY

## 250 Finely Tailored Suits

of FANCY BROADCLOTH TRIMMED WIDE WALE PLAIN TAILOR-MADE CHEVIOTS. MIXTURES AND BROADCLOTHS } 25.00

A large variety of styles from which to select, in 45-inch coat models, lined and interlined with fine silks; new plaited skirts.

COLORS: black, navy, smoke, green or wistaria.

## 85 Tailored Suits

Fashioned of broadcloth, chevron worsteds, wide wale materials and basket cloths, in plain or trimmed effects—models which have been used for taking orders and which were much higher priced. } 38.00